

Optimal Energy Management for Building Comfort Service together with ATES Operational Planning

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User Group Meeting

Tuesday 5th April, 2016



Recapitulate Last UG Meeting

Feedbacks & Comments:

- A comment on building model, e.g. heat transfer between fluid and air
- Using existing building models in literature instead of developing new model
- Contact Prof. Hensen from TU Eindhoven for simulation time issues

Taken Actions:

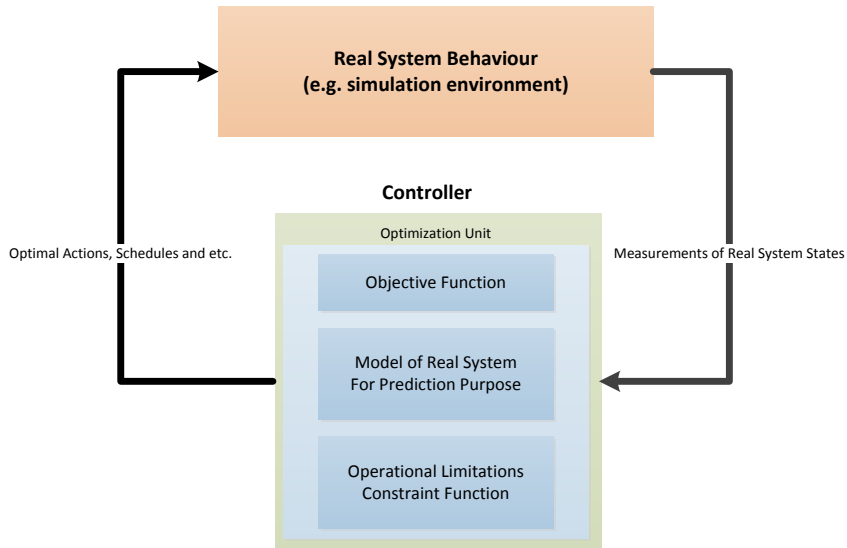
- Preparing a note on the developed building model & describing relations between different variables
- Studying further literature to determine a better building model
- Contacting Prof. Hensen regarding our simulation time problems

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Results:

- Developed model has a lumped heat transfer between the fluid and the room air temperature because it is aimed to be used within MPC
- Recommendation for the book 'Building Performance Simulation for design and operation' by Prof. Hensen, et al.
- We distinguished between building simulation model use for assessment (with existing tools/models) and simplified internal model used within MPC
- Internal model used within MPC: it can be a very strongly reduced order model w.r.t prediction horizon and computational complexity
- Building simulation model to assess MPC: obviously include all phenomena and dynamics relevant, e.g. TRNSYS, EnergyPlus, and etc.
- Recommendation for the '**Geotabs Project**' deliverable, documents

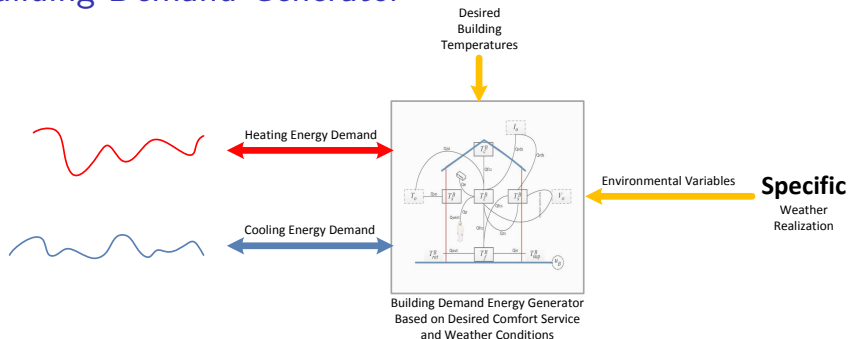
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Outline

- ① OEM of Building Comfort Service
- ② OEM for Smart Thermal Grids
- ③ Simulation Results & Next Steps
- ④ Current Research Status

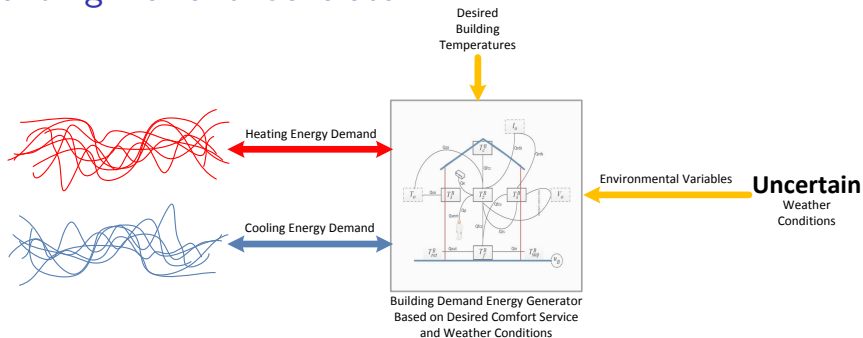
Building Demand Generator



Demand Profile Generator:

- Complete and detailed building dynamical model
- Desired building temperatures (local controller unit)
- In specific weather realization, certain demand profiles are generated

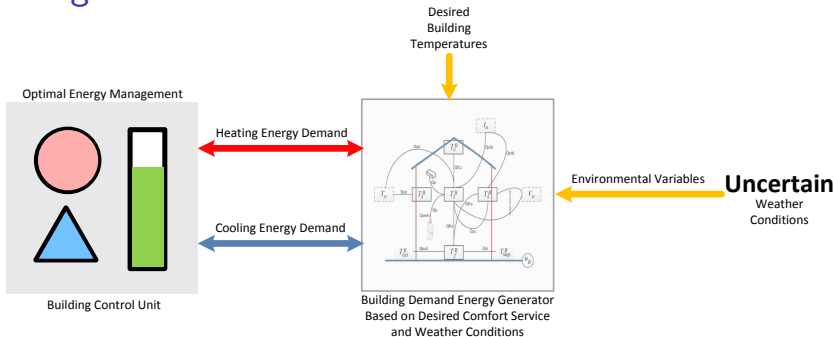
Building Demand Generator



Demand Profile Generator:

- Complete and detailed building dynamical model
- Desired building temperature (local controller unit)
- In uncertain weather conditions, uncertain demand profiles are generated

Building Comfort Service

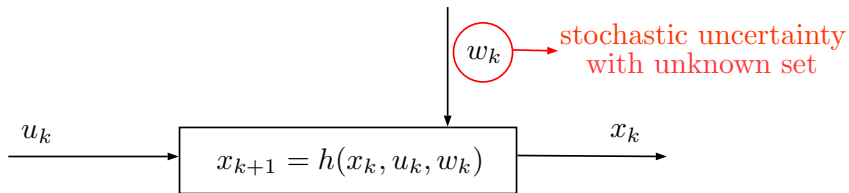


Building Control Unit:

- Main components: Boiler, HP, HE, micro-CHP, Buffer Storage
- **ON/OFF status** together with **production schedule** as decisions
- Thermal **energy balance** for dynamical systems

Mathematical Model

Define x_k to be the imbalance error between demand and production level. This yields the following dynamical model for imbalance error:



Our objective: design a state feedback control policy that minimizes the energy consumption of buildings, while keeping room temperatures between comfortable limits, despite *uncertain weather conditions*, and subject to the operational constraints

Optimal Control Strategies

Finite horizon predictive control problem:

$$\min_{(u_k, y_k)_{k=0}^M} J(x_k, u_k) := \sum_{k=0}^M x_k^\top Q x_k + \sum_{k=0}^{M-1} u_k^\top R u_k, \quad Q \succeq 0, \quad R \succ 0$$

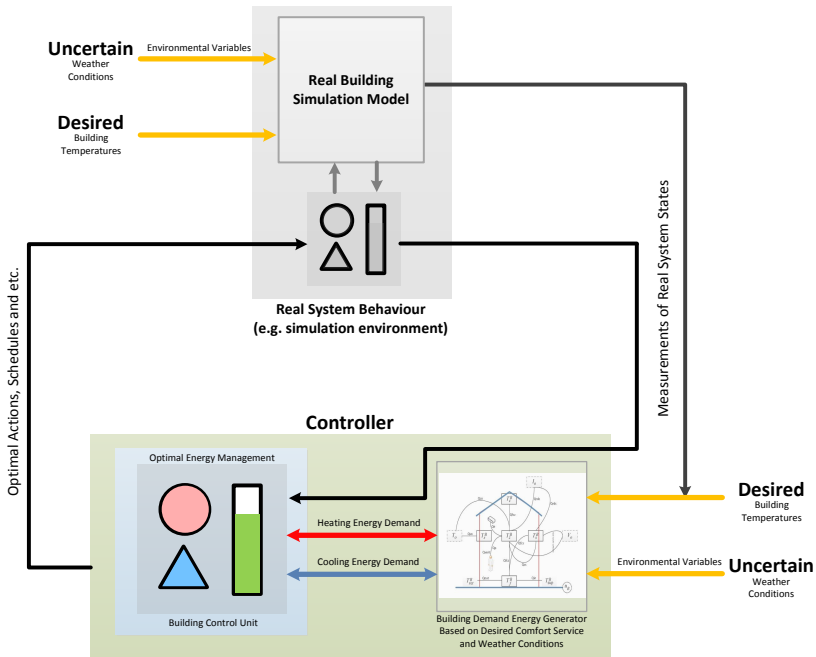
subject to: $f_k(x_k, u_k, y_k) \leq 0, \quad y_k \in \{0, 1\}, \quad k = 0, 1, \dots, M$

Objective function: $J(x_k, u_k)$ consists of the following parts:

- Tracking building comfort profile
- Minimizing building operational cost

Additional parts of objective function for the future studies:

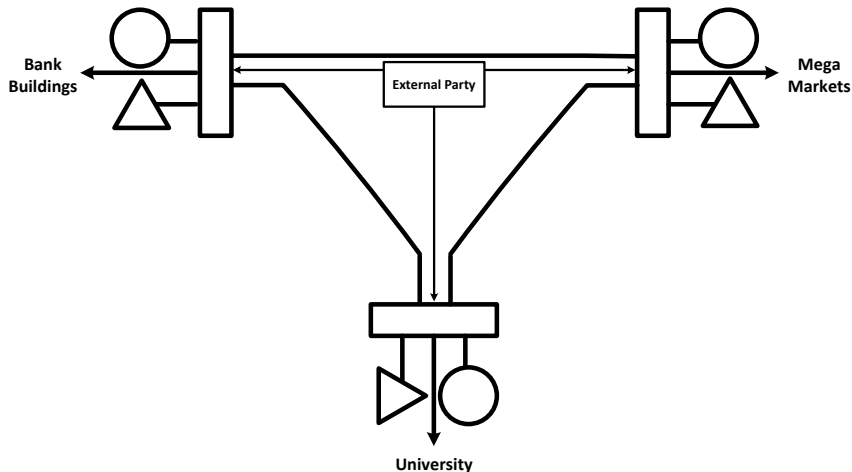
- Reducing carbon emission gas
- Planning ATES operations



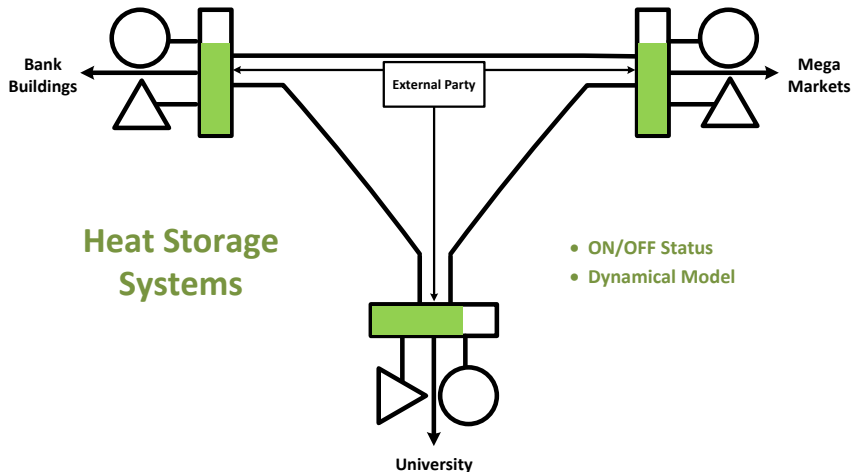
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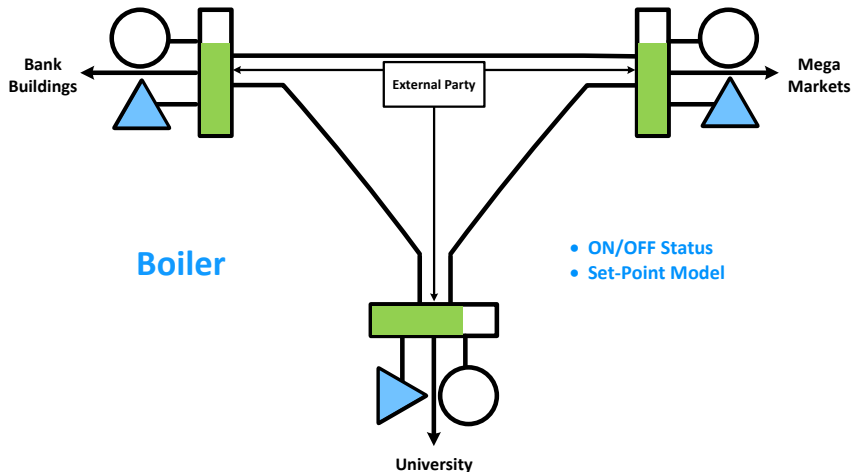
Smart Thermal Grids: Conceptual Representation



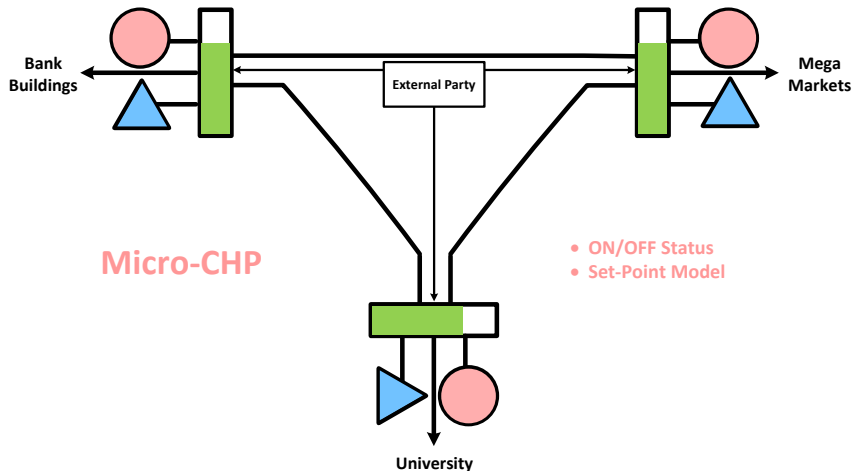
Smart Thermal Grids: Conceptual Representation



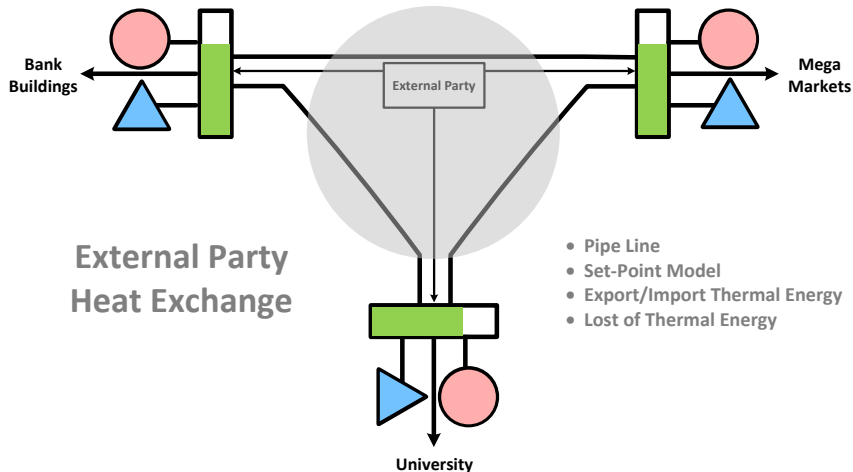
Smart Thermal Grids: Conceptual Representation



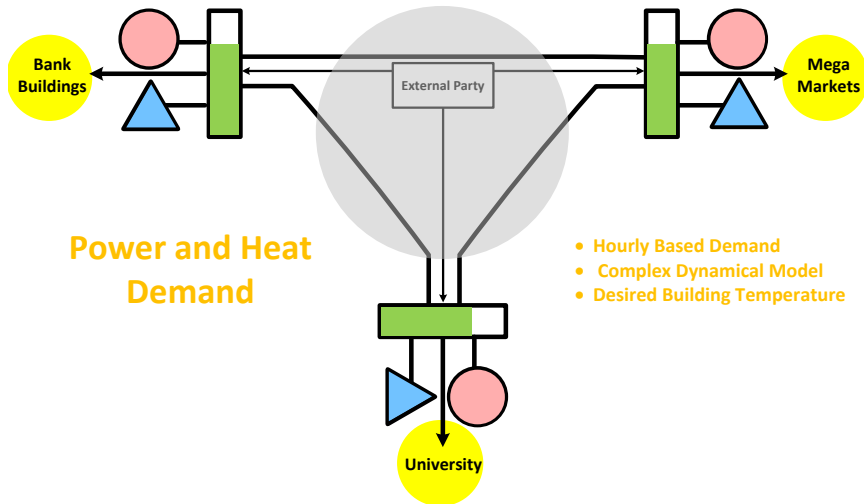
Smart Thermal Grids: Conceptual Representation



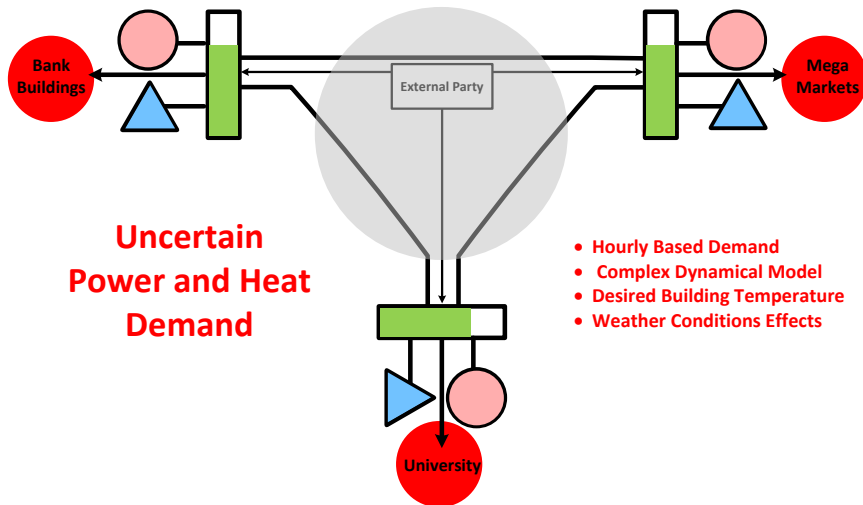
Smart Thermal Grids: Conceptual Representation



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Smart Thermal Grids: Conceptual Representation



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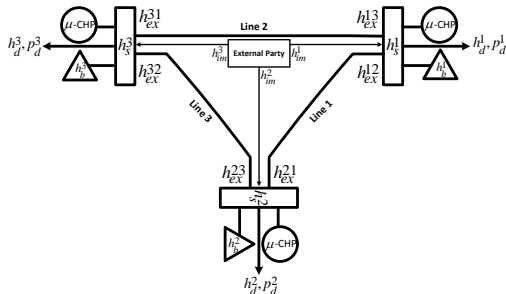
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Three Agents Case Study

Simulation Study Settings:

- Day-ahead control problem
- Economical cost function
- Operational constraints
- Uncertain energy demand
- Unit commitment problem
- Production scheduling problem

households, greenhouses smart thermal grid example



Mixed-Integer Chance-Constrained Linear Optimization Problem

Developed Unified Framework

Resulting optimization problem in each sampling time:

$$\begin{aligned} \min_{(u_k, y_k)_{k=0}^M} \quad & J(x_k, u_k) \\ \text{subject to:} \quad & f_k(x_k, u_k, y_k) \leq 0, \ y_k \in \{0, 1\}, \ k = 0, 1, \dots, M \\ & \mathbb{P}\{x_k \in \mathcal{X}\} \geq 1 - \varepsilon \Rightarrow \text{chance constraints} \end{aligned}$$

where $\varepsilon \in (0, 1)$ is defined as the desired level of constraints violation

Optimal Solution in Theoretical Probability Sense:

- robustness features of constraints in a relaxed probabilistic setting based on randomization of the constraints
- extracting at random some instances of the uncertainty, and then finding the optimal solution of a problem

Comparison: Benchmark Approach

**Forecast
Weather
Realization**

First Step Optimization:
Unit Commitments Problem (Mixed-Integer Program)

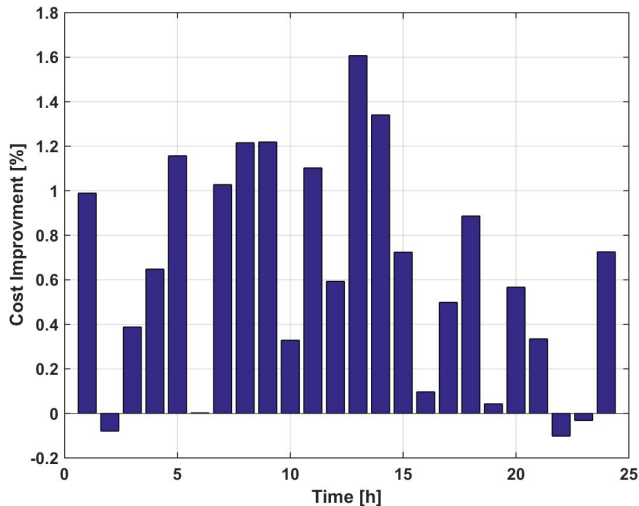
Optimal Units Status



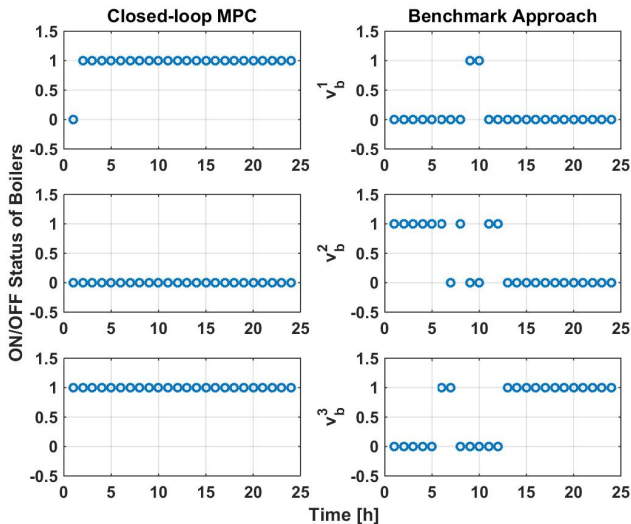
**Uncertain
Weather
Conditions**

Second Step Optimization:
Production Scheduling Problem (Chance Constraint Problem)

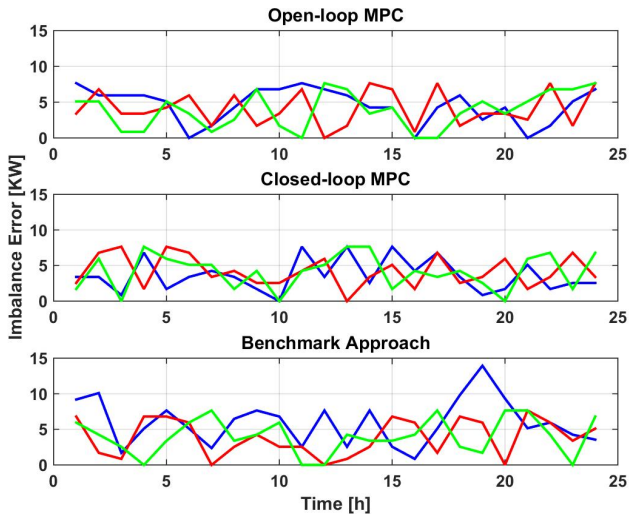
Simulation Results: Relative Cost Improvement



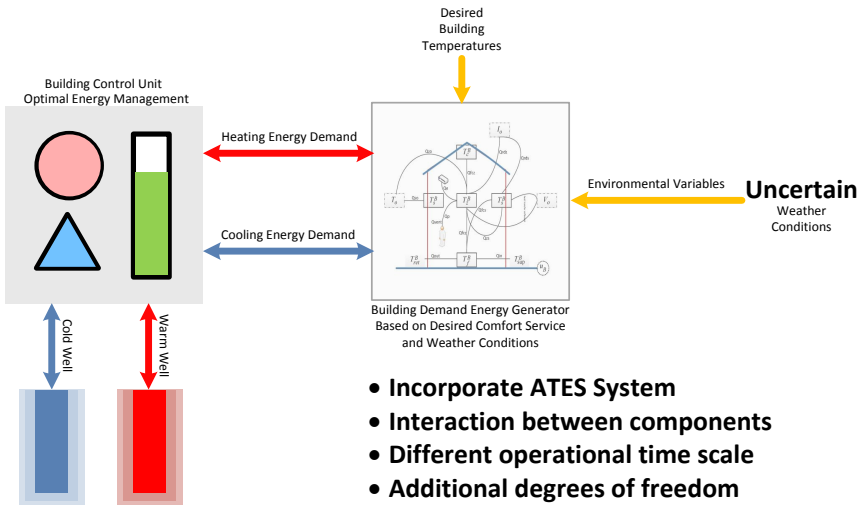
Simulation Results: ON/OFF Status of Boilers



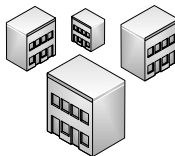
Simulation Results: Imbalance Error Trajectories



Next Steps: ATEs Systems

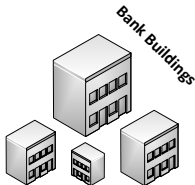


Next Steps: ATES Systems Smart Grids

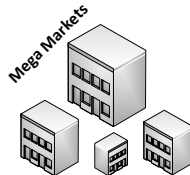


University

Aquifer Thermal Energy Storage (ATES) System

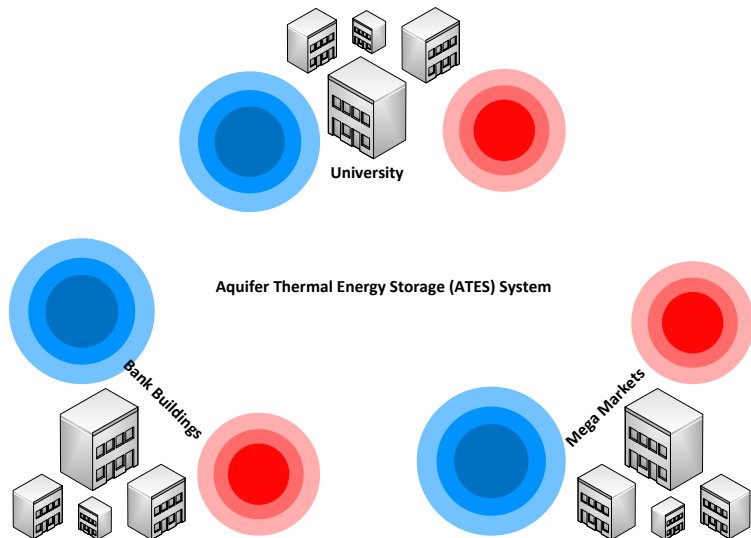


Bank Buildings

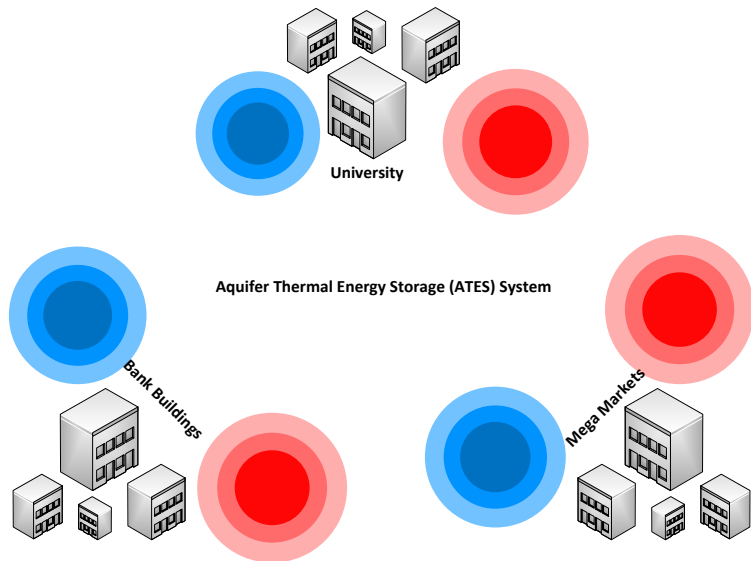


Mega Markets

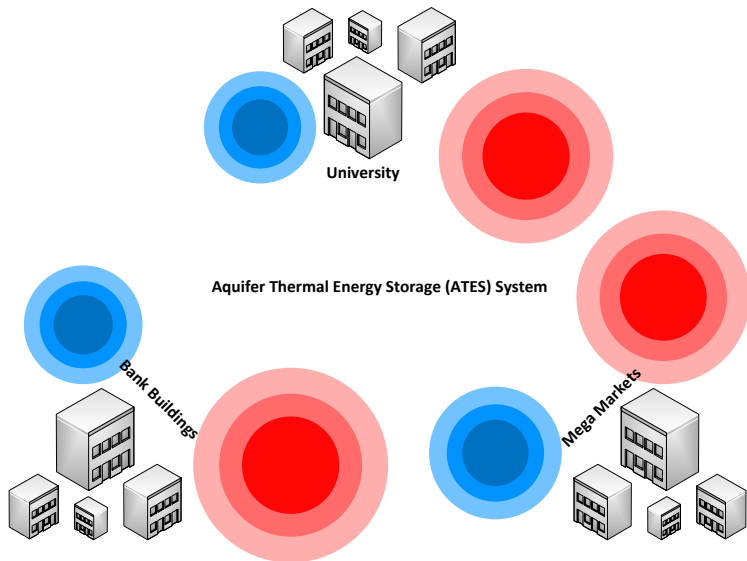
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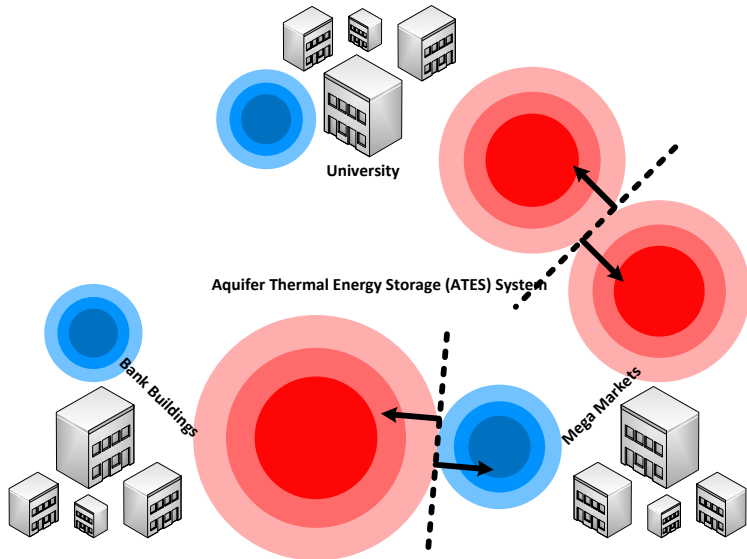
Next Steps: ATES Systems Smart Grids



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Next Steps: ATES Systems Smart Grids



Next Steps: Price Based Negotiation Algorithm

$$\sum_{i=1}^N \min_{(u_k^i, y_k^i)_{k=0}^M} J_i(x_k^i, u_k^i)$$

subject to:

$f_k^i(x_k^i, u_k^i, y_k^i) \leq 0,$

$y_k^i \in \{0, 1\},$

$k = 0, 1, \dots, M$

$r_k^i + r_k^j \leq \bar{r}_{(i,j)},$

$r_k^i := g(x_k^i, u_k^i, y_k^i), \forall i, j \in N_{-i}$

local constraints

coupling constraints

Centralized Framework:

- Local constraints: limitation of operations
- Thermal capacity radius: r_k^i for each agent i
- Coupling constraints: limitation of ATES capacity
- Total distance between agents: $\bar{r}_{(i,j)}$ for neighboring agents i, j

Next Steps: Price Based Negotiation Algorithm

$$\min_{(u_k^i, y_k^i)_{k=0}^M} J_i(x_k^i, u_k^i) + \underbrace{p_{(i,j)}}_{\text{coordination price}} r_k^i$$

subject to: $f_k^i(x_k^i, u_k^i, y_k^i) \leq 0, \quad y_k^i \in \{0, 1\}, \quad k = 0, 1, \dots, M$

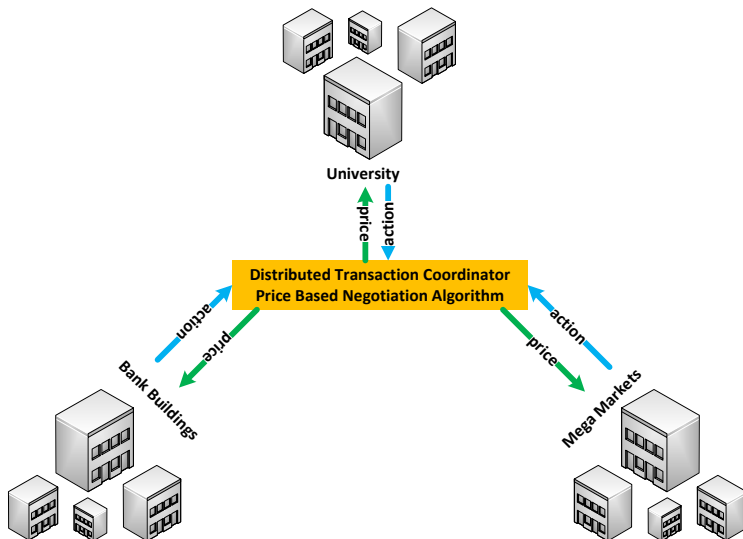
$$r_k^i := g(x_k^i, u_k^i, y_k^i)$$

↓
local problems

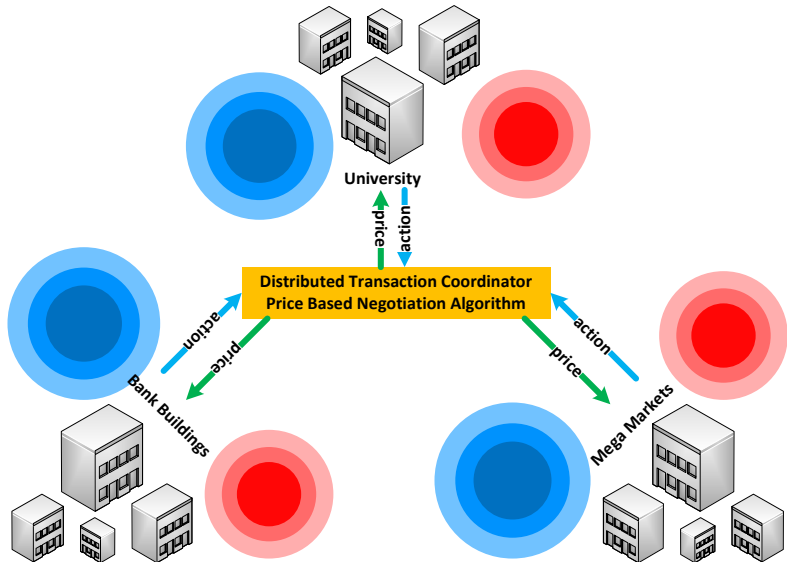
Distributed Transaction Coordinator:

- Local problems: completely decoupled framework for all agents
- Driven under the influence of the coordination price: $p_{(i,j)}$
- Coordinator task: **updating price** w.r.t local actions

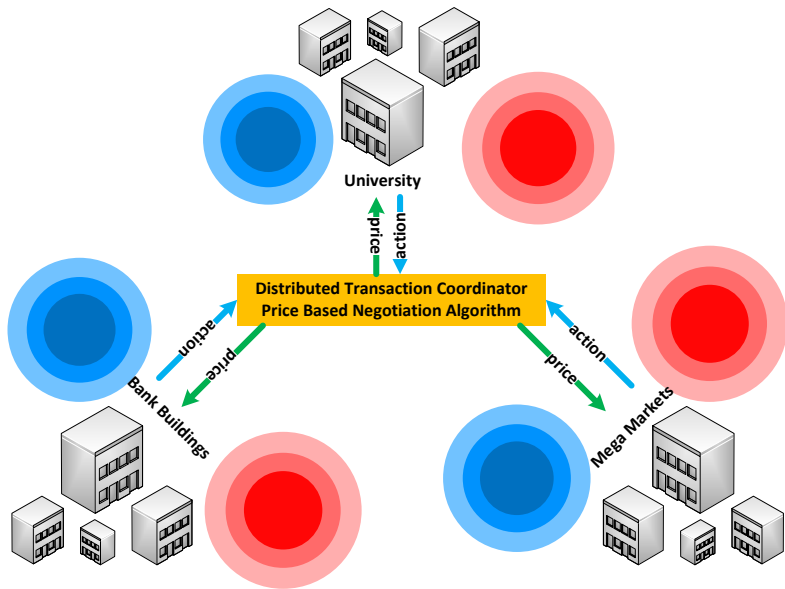
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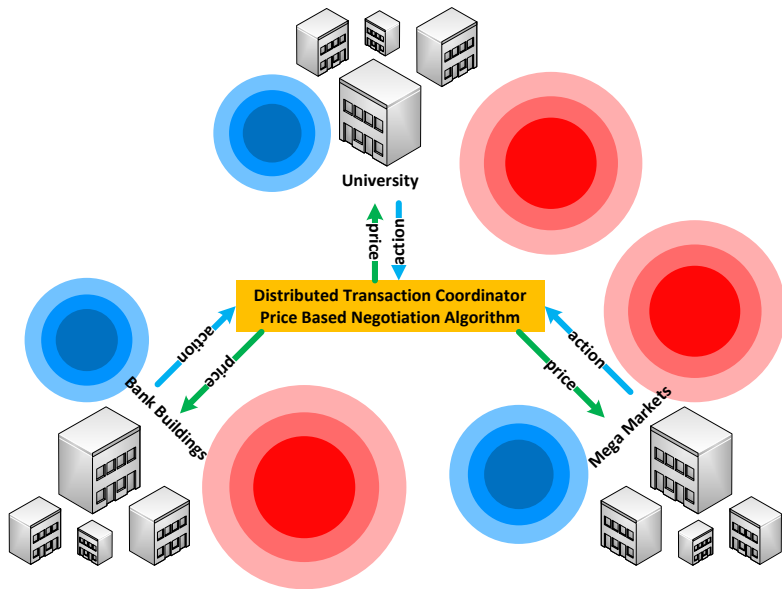
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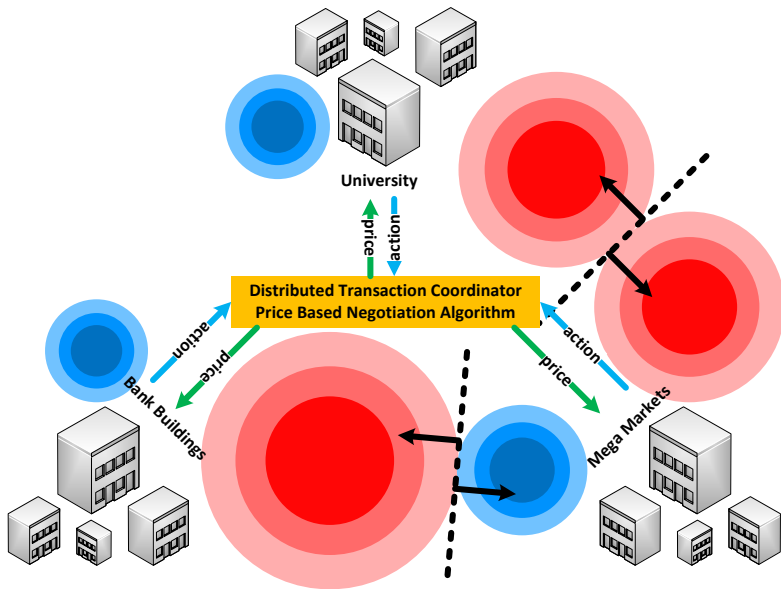
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Current Research Status

Achievements:

- Robust Randomized MPC for Energy Management in Smart Thermal Grids
Accepted for European Control Conference 2016
- Building and Aquifer Thermal Energy Storage Model in Smart Grids
Accepted for European Geothermal Congress 2016
- Novel Probabilistic FDI Threshold Design for Uncertain Nonlinear Systems
Submitted for Conference on Decision and Control 2016
- Chance Constrained MPC for Stochastic Discrete Event Nonlinear Systems
Under Revision for Conference on Systems, Man, and Cybernetics 2016

Current Research Status

Under Progress:

- Dual Scenario Program for Chance Constrained Optimization Problems
- On the Road Between Convex and Nonconvex Scenario Program for Chance Constrained Optimization Problems
- Stochastic Distributed MPC for Chance Constrained Linear Systems

Master Students Thesis:

- Stochastic Distributed Coordination in Smart Thermal Grids
Wicak Ananduta (Expected Graduation August 2016)
- Distributed Stochastic Production Scheduling in Smart Grids
Ole ter Haar (Expected Graduation February 2017)

Thank You!
Questions?

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