INTRODUCTION TO HYBRID SYSTEMS: ORIGINS, EXAMPLES, APPLICATIONS

C. G. Cassandras

Dept. of Manufacturing Engineering and

Center for Information and Systems Engineering (CISE) Boston University

cgc@bu.edu http://vita.bu.edu/cgc



OUTLINE

> WHAT'S A HYBRID SYSTEM...

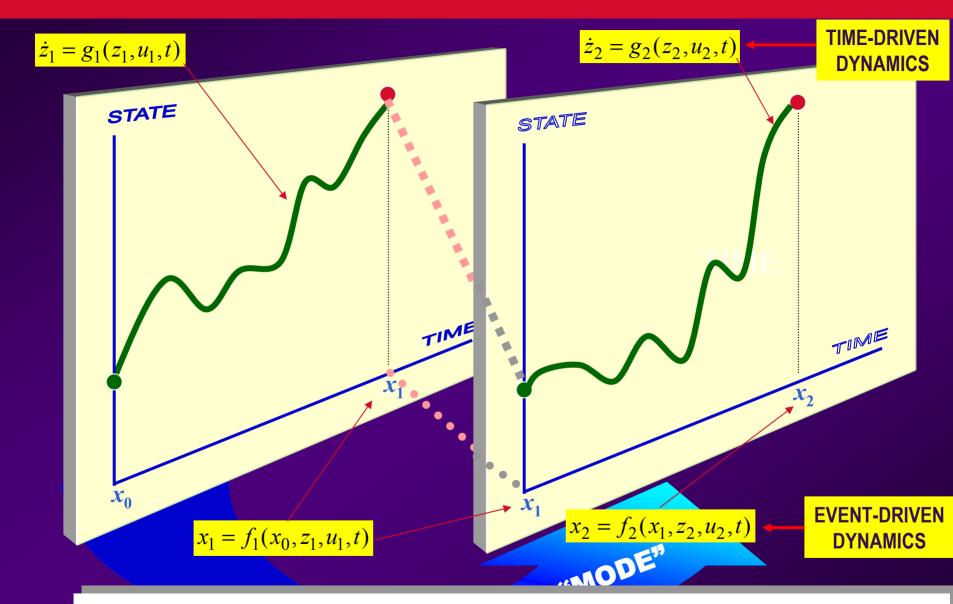
> HYBRID SYSTEMS AND COMPLEXITY:

DECOMPOSITION: HYBRID SYSTEM → DES

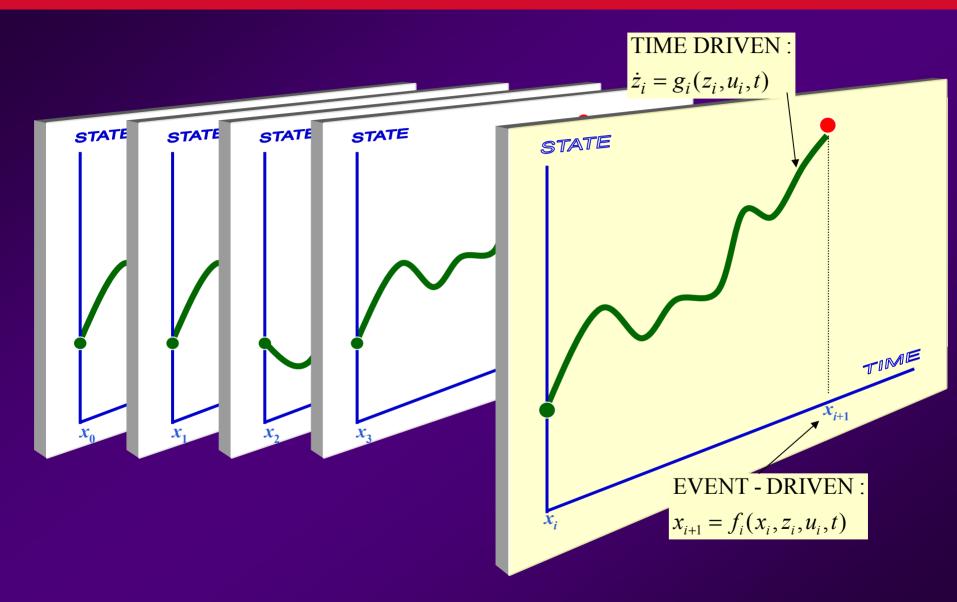
ABSTRACTION: DES → HYBRID SYSTEM

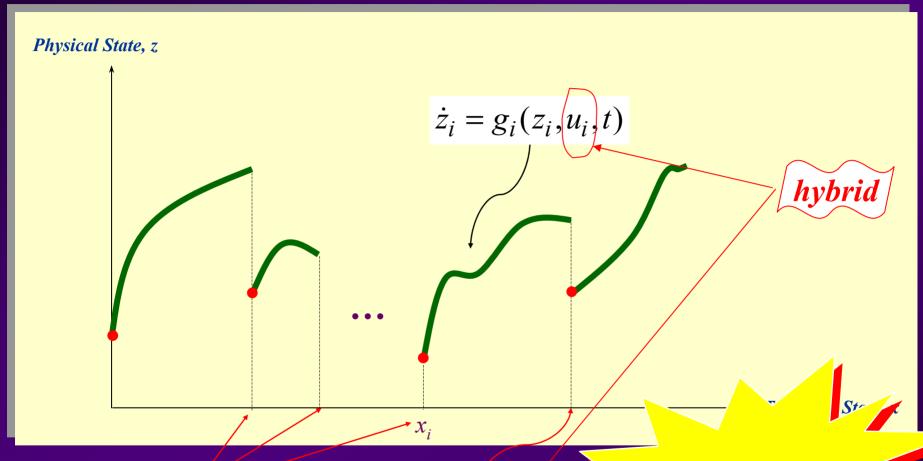
> EXAMPLES, APPLICATION AREAS

WHAT'S A HYBRID SYSTEM?



More on modeling frameworks, open problems, etc: [Proc. of IEEE Special Issue (Antsaklis, Ed.), 2000]

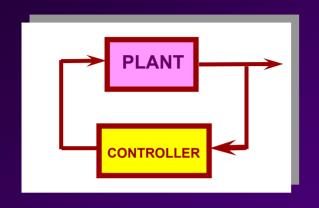




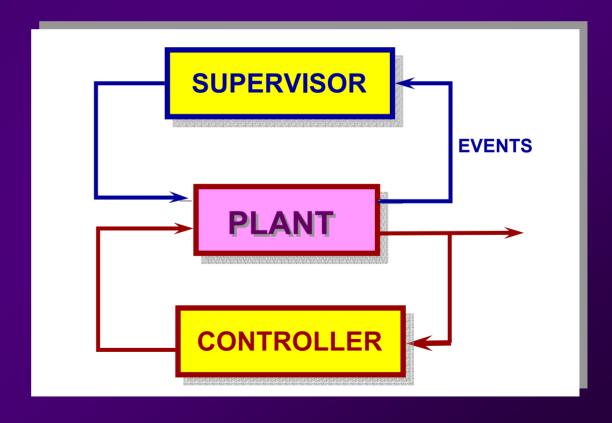
Switching Times

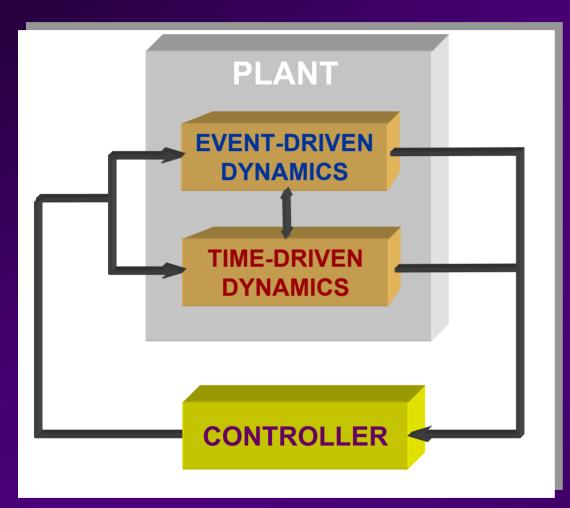
$$x_{i+1} = f_i(x_i, u_i, t)$$

SWITCHING TIMES HAVE THEIR OWN DYNAMICS!

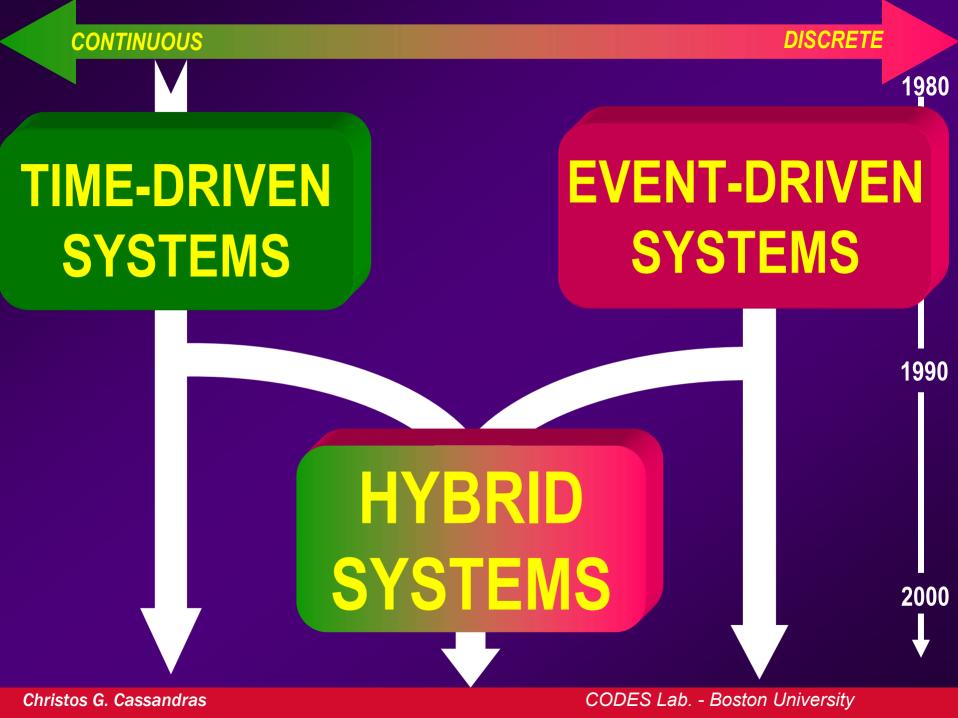


REPLACE THE USUAL CONTROL LOOP BY





- Plant: *time-driven* + *event-driven* dynamics
- Controller affects both
 time-driven +
 event-driven components
- Control may be continuous signal and/or discrete event



DECOMPOSITION



TIME-DRIVEN SYSTEM

What exactly does that mean?

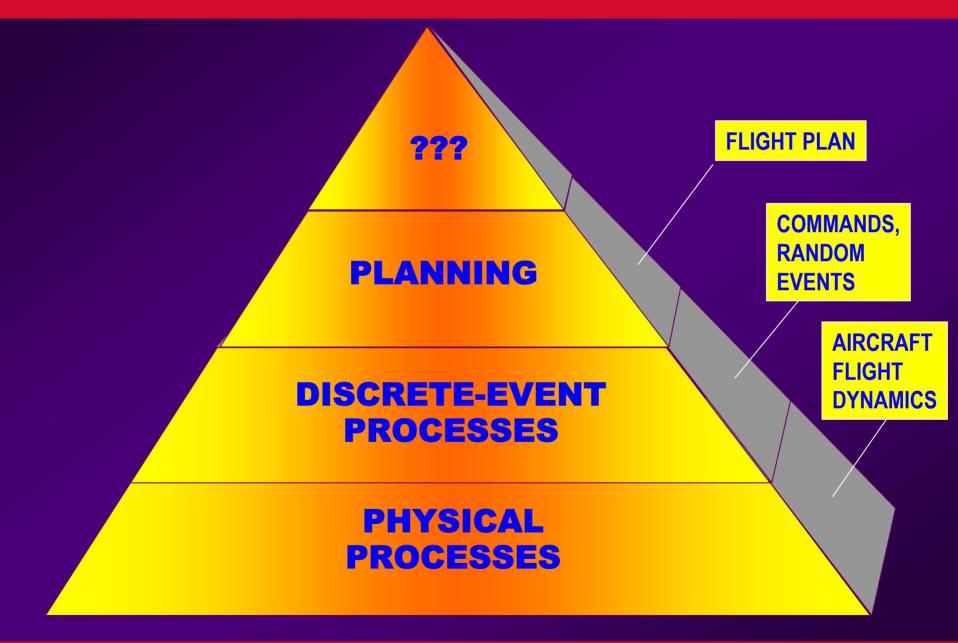


LESS COMPLEX



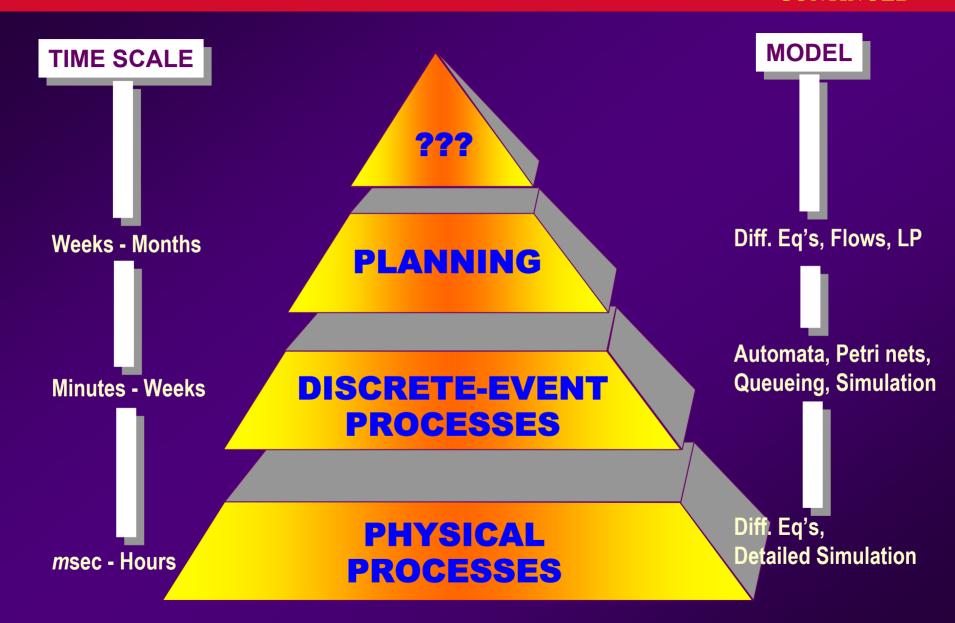
DECOMPOSITION

HIERARCHICAL DECOMPOSITION

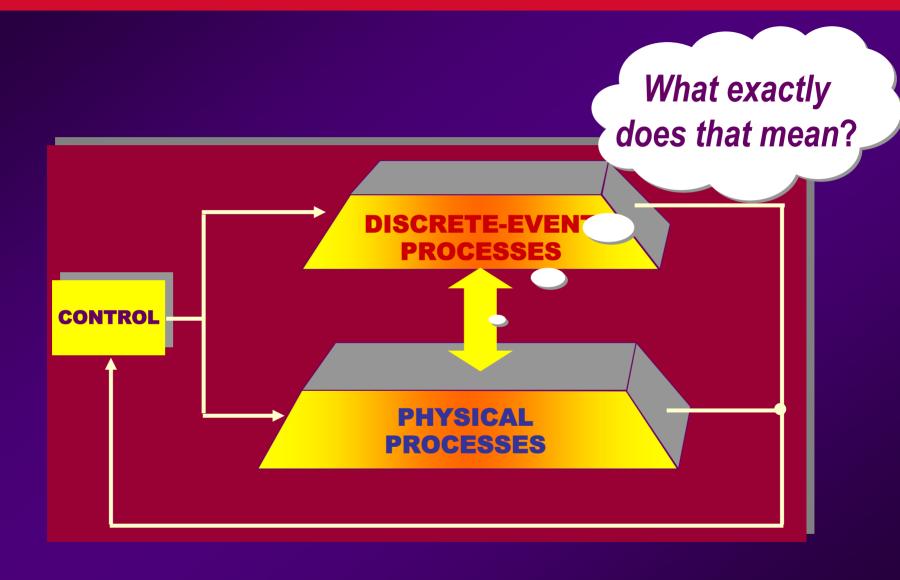


HIEARARCHICAL DECOMPOSITION

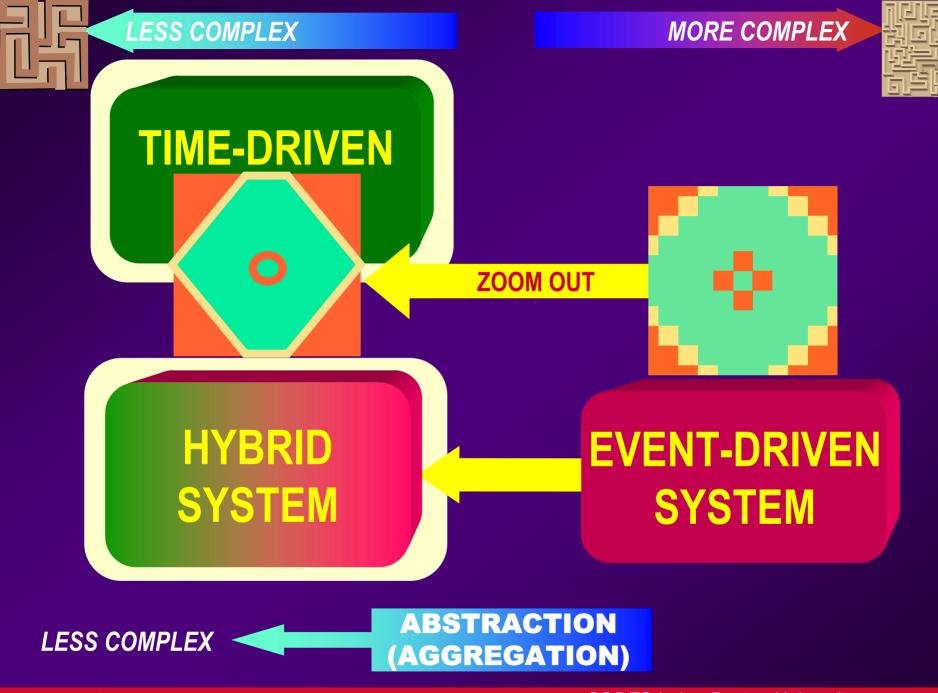
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HYBRID CONTROL SYSTEM



ABSTRACTION (AGGREGATION)





TIME-DRIVEN SYSTEM

HYBRID SYSTEM

ABSTRACTION (AGGREGATION)

EVENT-DRIVEN SYSTEM

HYBRID SYSTEM

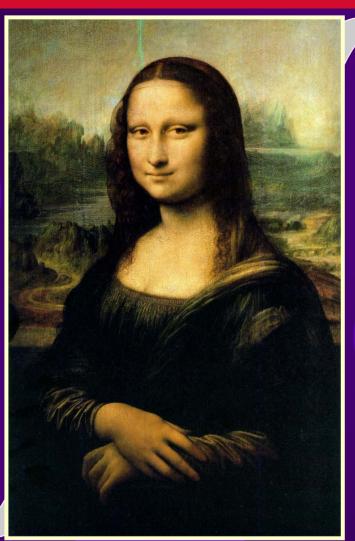
DECOMPOSITION

WHAT IS THE RIGHT ABSTRACTION LEVEL?



TOO FAR...
model not
detailed enough





JUST RIGHT...
good model



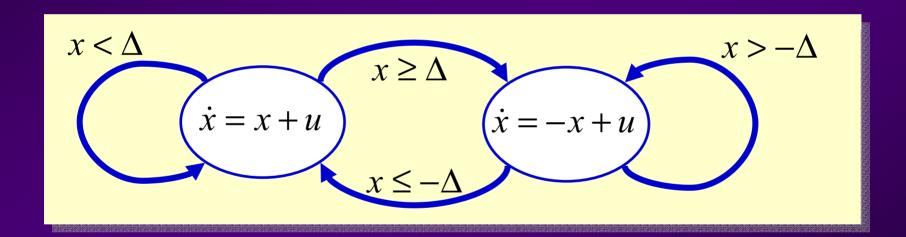
TOO CLOSE...
too much
undesirable
detail

CREDIT: W.B. Gong

EXAMPLES

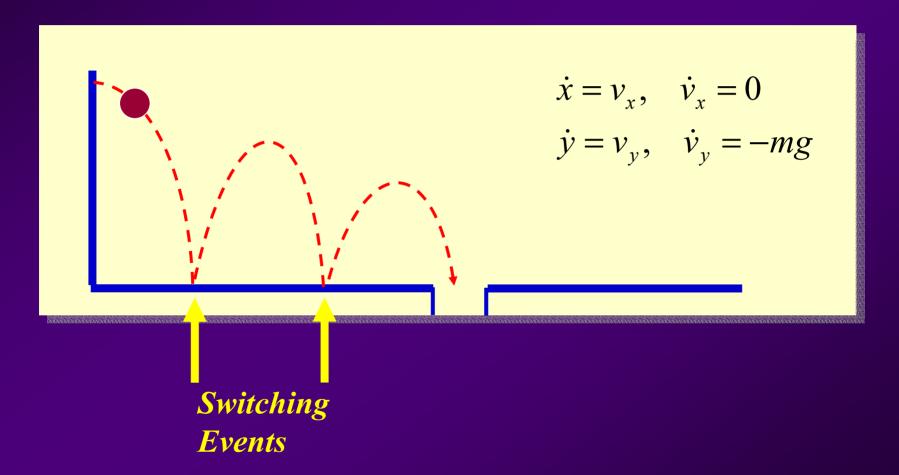
HYBRID SYSTEM EXAMPLES

1. Autonomous Switching, e.g., *Hysteresis*

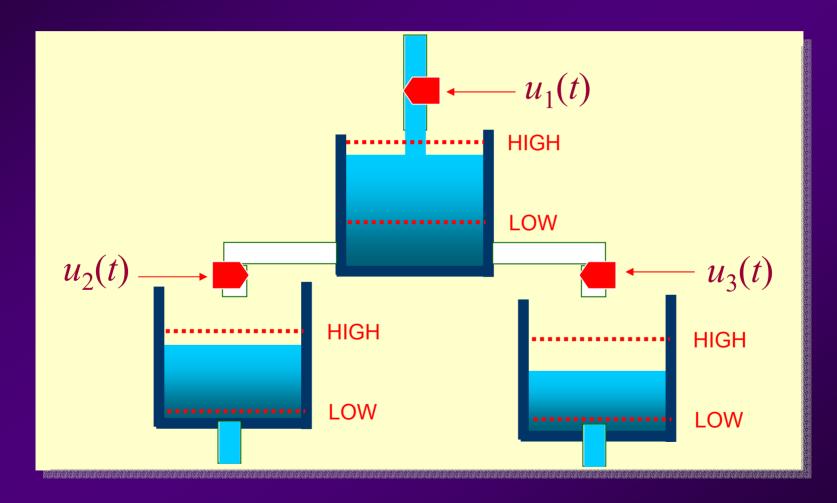




2. External Switching, e.g., Zeno's bouncing ball



3. Controlled Switching, e.g., Interconnected tanks





- 4. Other cases of controlled switching:
 - Diving: control depths for decompression
 TRADEOFF: Safety vs. Time
 - Vehicle transmission: control gear switching TRADEOFF: Efficiency vs. Time
 - Low-power electronics: power control

 TRADEOFF: Power conservation vs. Time
 - Manufacturing: process control + operational control
 TRADEOFF: Product quality vs. Time



HYBRID SYSTEMS IN MANUFACTURING

Key questions facing manufacturing system integrators:

How to integrate 'process control' with 'operations control'?

How to improve product Quality in reasonable TIME?



- Physicists
- Material Scienti

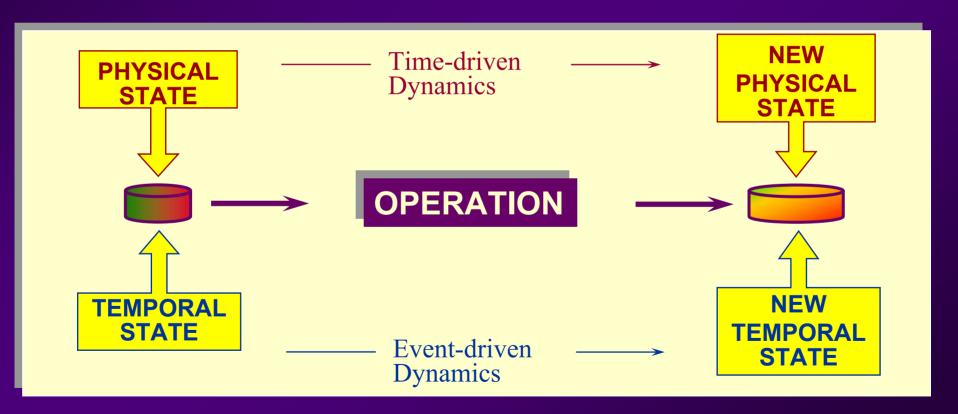
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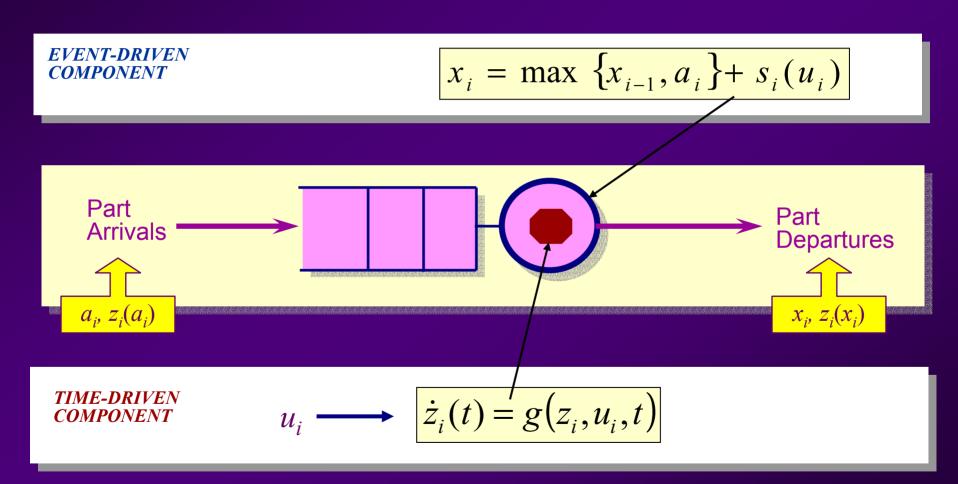
OPERATIONS CONTROL

Industrial Engineers, OF Schedupriven Work Work Work Work Control

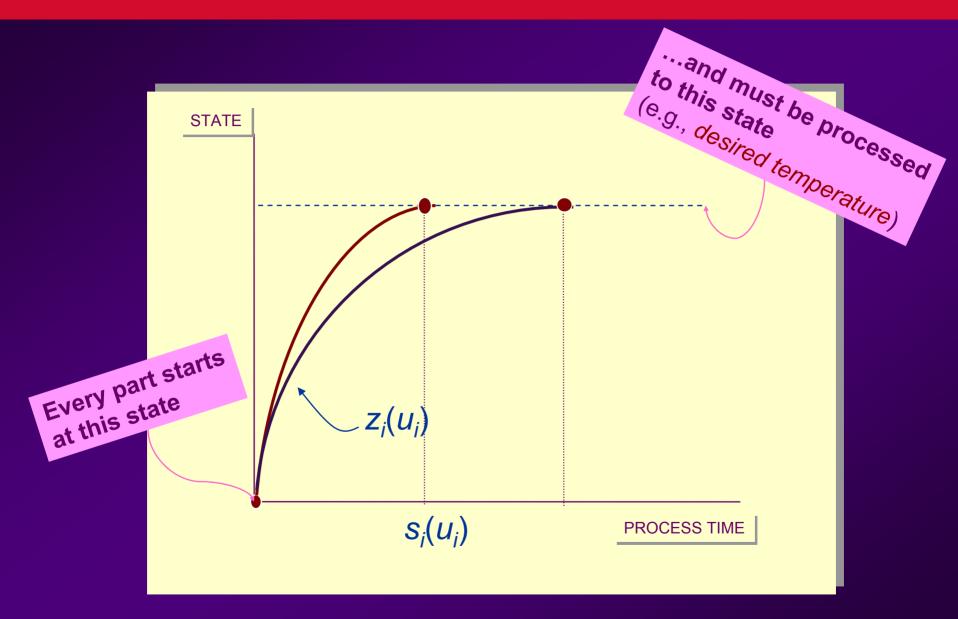
Throughout a manuf. process, each part is characterized by

- A PHYSICAL state (e.g., size, temperature, strain)
- A TEMPORAL state (e.g., total time in system, total time to due-date)

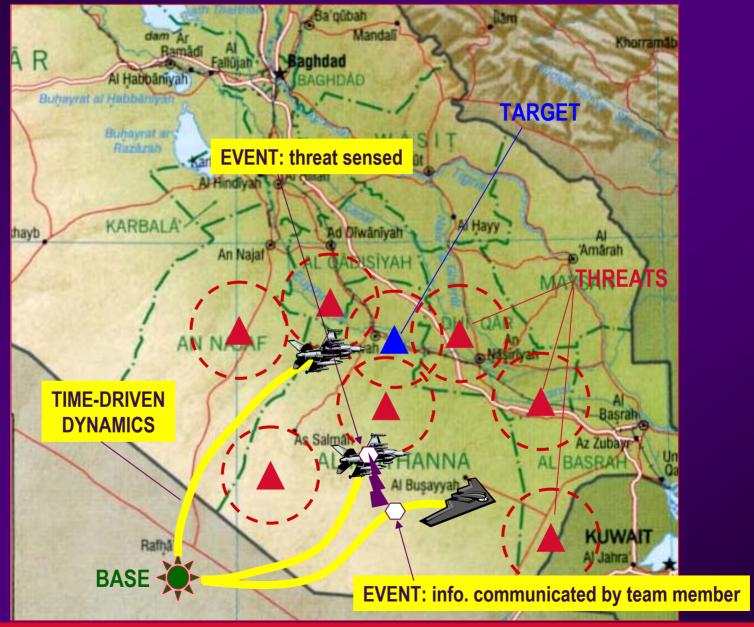




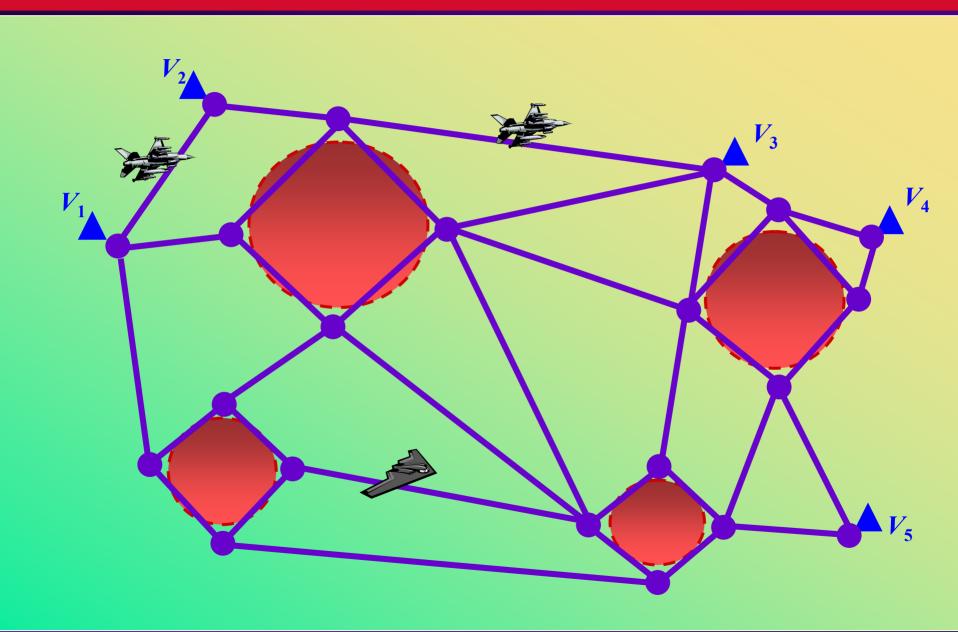
EXAMPLE



HYBRID SYSTEMS IN COOPERATIVE CONTROL

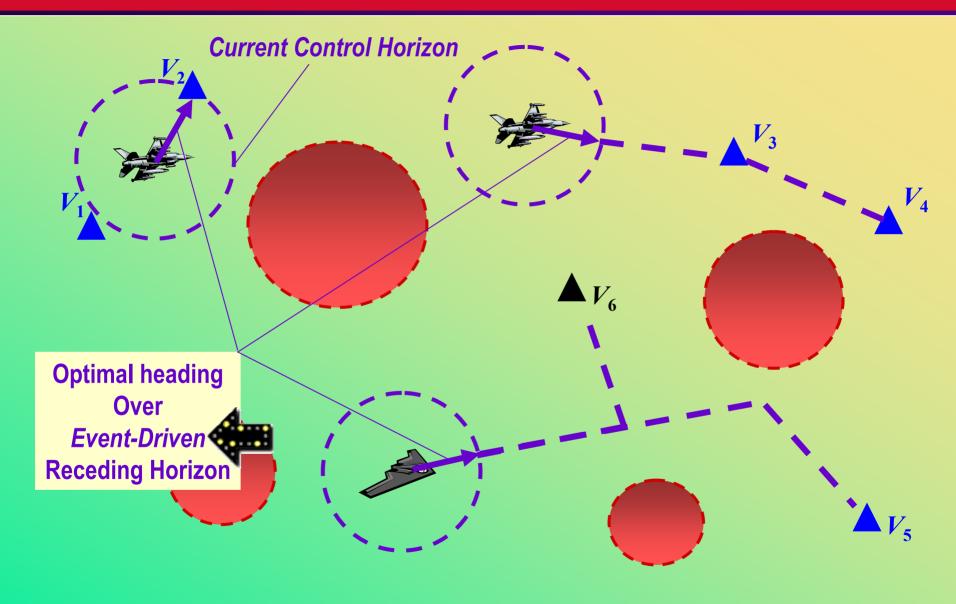


HYBRID SYSTEMS IN COOP. CONTROL

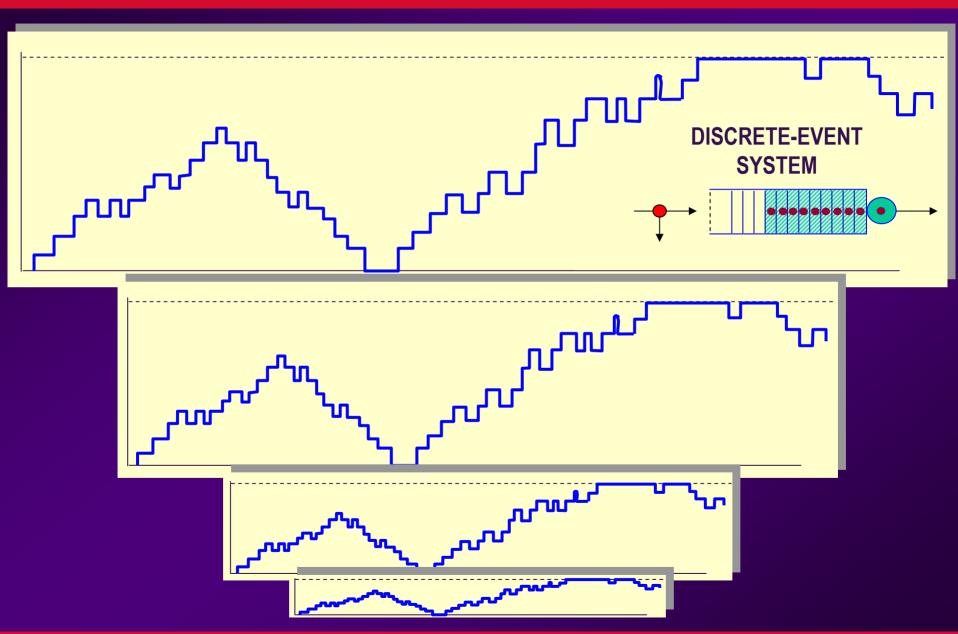


HYBRID SYSTEMS IN COOP. CONTROL

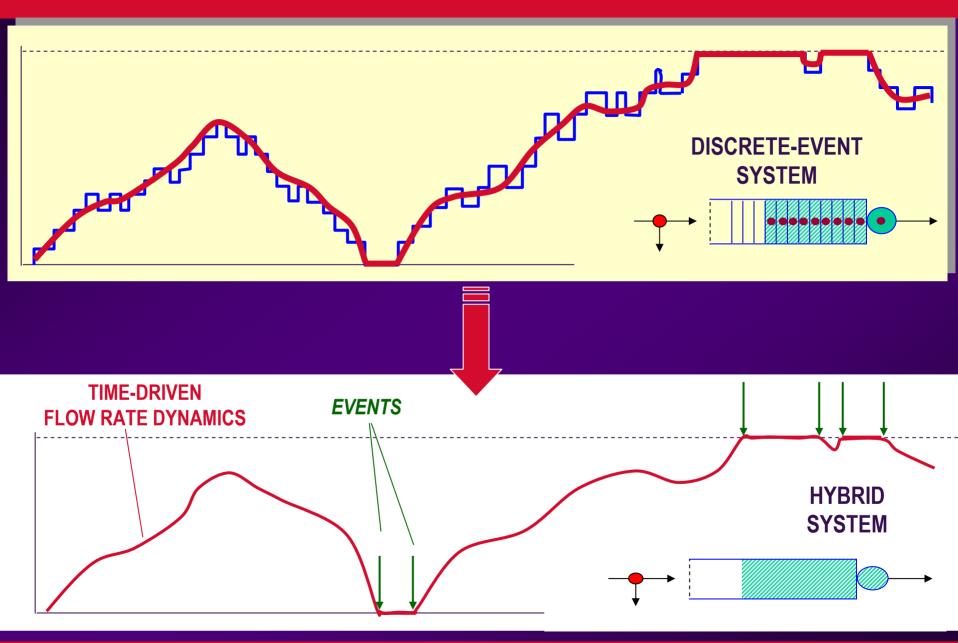
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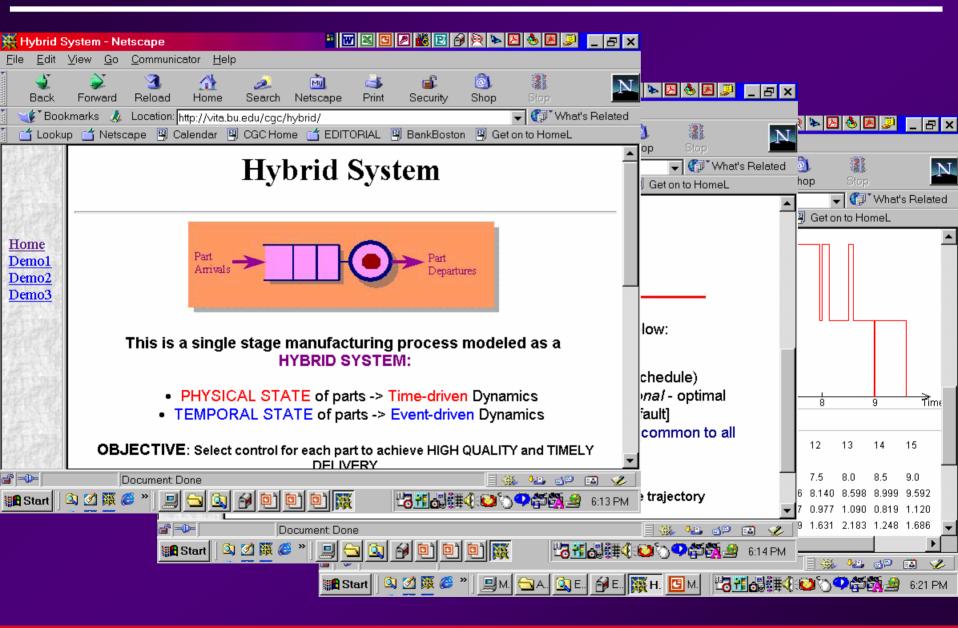
ABSTRACTION OF A DISCRETE-EVENT SYSTEM



ABSTRACTION OF A DISCRETE-EVENT SYSTEM



http://vita.bu.edu/cgc/hybrid



DESIGN, ANALYSIS, SYNTHESIS ISSUES



Differential equations with jumps/switches:

Stability, Robustness Optimal Control, etc.





Automata with state transitions dependent on diff. equations:

Supervisory Control, Reachability Perturbation Analysis, etc.



DECIDABILITY, VERIFICATION, QUANTIZATION, SIMULATION, ...

[Proc. of IEEE Special Issue (Antsaklis, Ed.), 2000]