

Course sc4160

# Modeling & Control of Hybrid Systems

## Overview

### Overview

1. Overview of the course
2. General information on the course
3. Examination
4. Hybrid systems: Motivating examples

# 1. Overview of the course

Topic: hybrid systems

Main feature: combination of discrete and continuous dynamics

Contents:

1. Introduction
2. Models
3. Dynamics & well-posedness
4. Stability
5. Switched control
6. Optimization-based control
7. Model checking and timed automata

## Objectives of the course

- Get familiar with hybrid systems
- Obtain overview of modeling, analysis, and control methods
- Get insight in trade-off modeling power vs decision power
- Modeling, analysis, and control of *tractable* classes of hybrid systems
- Apply hybrid systems modeling and control to simulation case study

## 2. General information on the course

- Web site: <http://www.dcsc.tudelft.nl/~sc4160>  
or via Blackboard (course code: sc4160)
  - extra information (errata, schedule, ...)
  - pdf files of hand-outs, slides, practical assignment, ...
- Lecture notes:  
“Modeling and Control of Hybrid Systems”  
by Bart De Schutter and Maurice Heemels  
January 2009  
Sold on-line via Microweb Edu (access via Blackboard)

## Assessment

- Final grade:
  - \* practical assignment:  
designing a hybrid systems controller  
for adaptive cruise control  
group work (3–4 students/group)
  - assessment based on report and  
discussion (on report & course)
  - + bonus points (by reporting errors)

## Contact information

- Email address of lecturer: `b.deschutter@tudelft.nl`
- Teaching assistants (for practical assignment):
  - Samira Farahani (`s.safaeifarahani@tudelft.nl`,  
room 8C-3-10 (before March 1)/8C-3-23 (after March 1))
  - Rudy Negenborn (`r.r.negenborn@tudelft.nl`, room 8C-3-20)
- Please enroll via Blackboard if you want to stay informed!

## Schedule

- Regular lectures:
  - Tuesdays, 8.30–10.30 (room K): Feb. 9, 16 + March 2, 9, 16, 23
  - Thursdays, 15.30–17.30 (room F): Feb. 18 + March 4
- Office hours (for assignment, by Samira Farahani and Rudy Ne-genborn):
  - Wednesdays, 14.00-16.00: Feb. 24 + March 10, 17, 24, 31
  - Fridays, 15.00–17.00: Feb. 26 + March 12, 19, 26
- Question hour (room K):  
Tuesday, 8.30–10.30: March 23 (last lecture)
- Examination: April 7, 2006, 14.00–17.00 ( $\pm$  30 min per group)

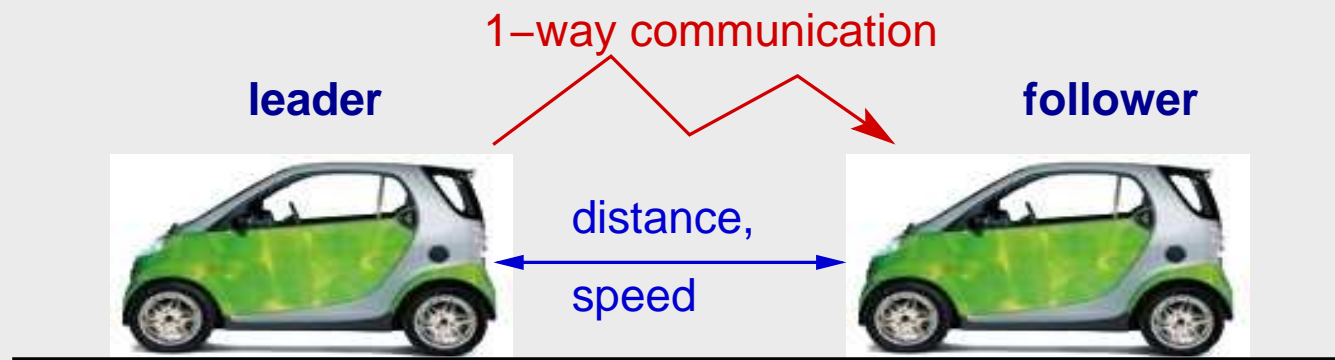
### 3. Practical assignment

- Topic: designing a hybrid systems controller  
→ adaptive cruise control
- Group work (3–4 student/group)  
with report and discussion (= oral examination)
- Description: see course website
- Deadline: **Wednesday**, March 31, 17.00 p.m.  
Send your pdf file to `b.deschutter@tudelft.nl`



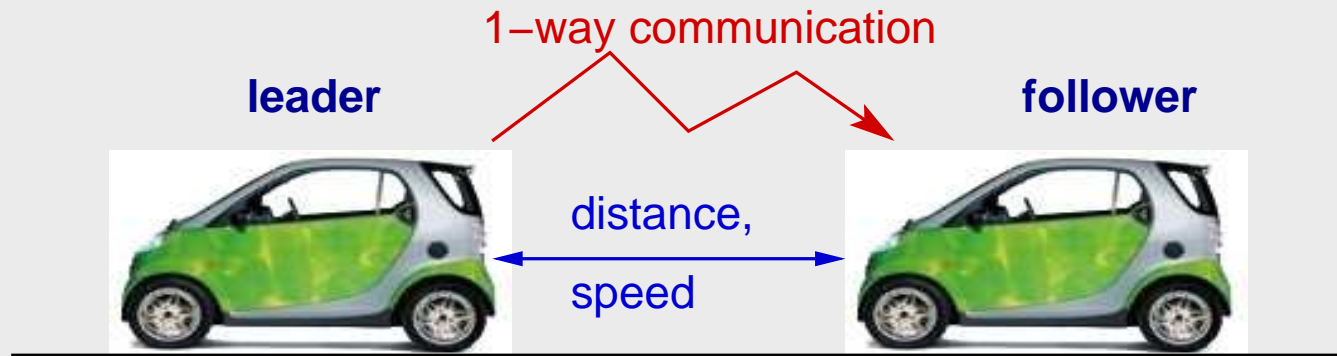
### 3. Practical assignment (continued)

- Set-up: adaptive cruise control



- Continuous model for Smart  $\rightarrow$  hybrid model
- Design MPC controller (implicit, and maybe also explicit) for speed adaptation

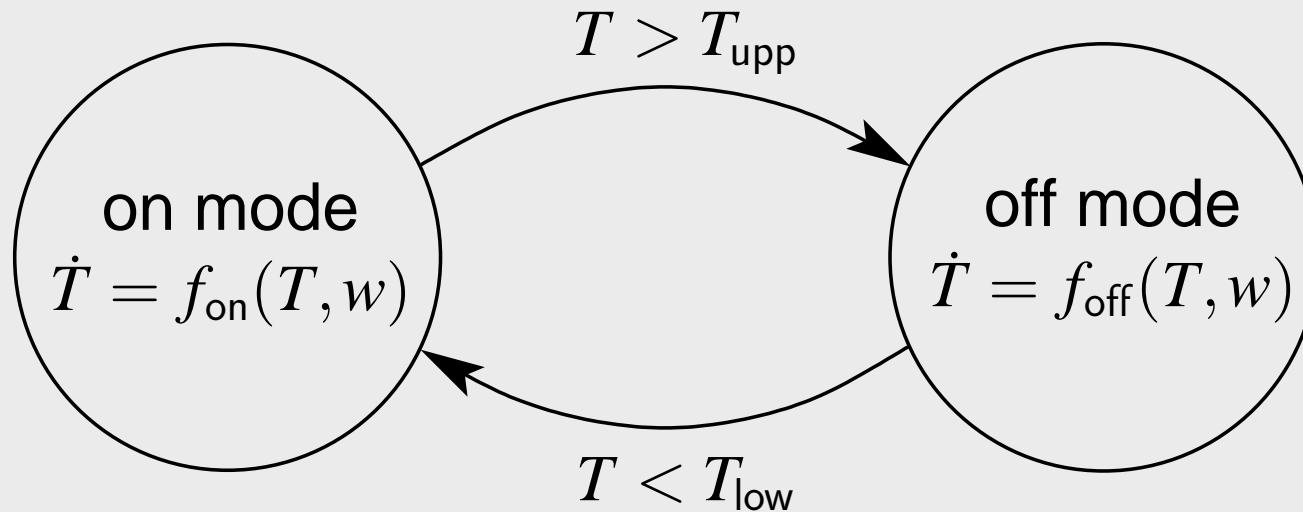
## Schedule (continued)



- Description (+ road map): next lecture / website
- Registration list: next lecture / email
- Teaching assistants: Samira Farahani and Rudy Negenborn

## 4. Hybrid systems: Motivating examples

- Hybrid: combination of continuous and discrete dynamics
- Temperature control system:



## Motivating examples

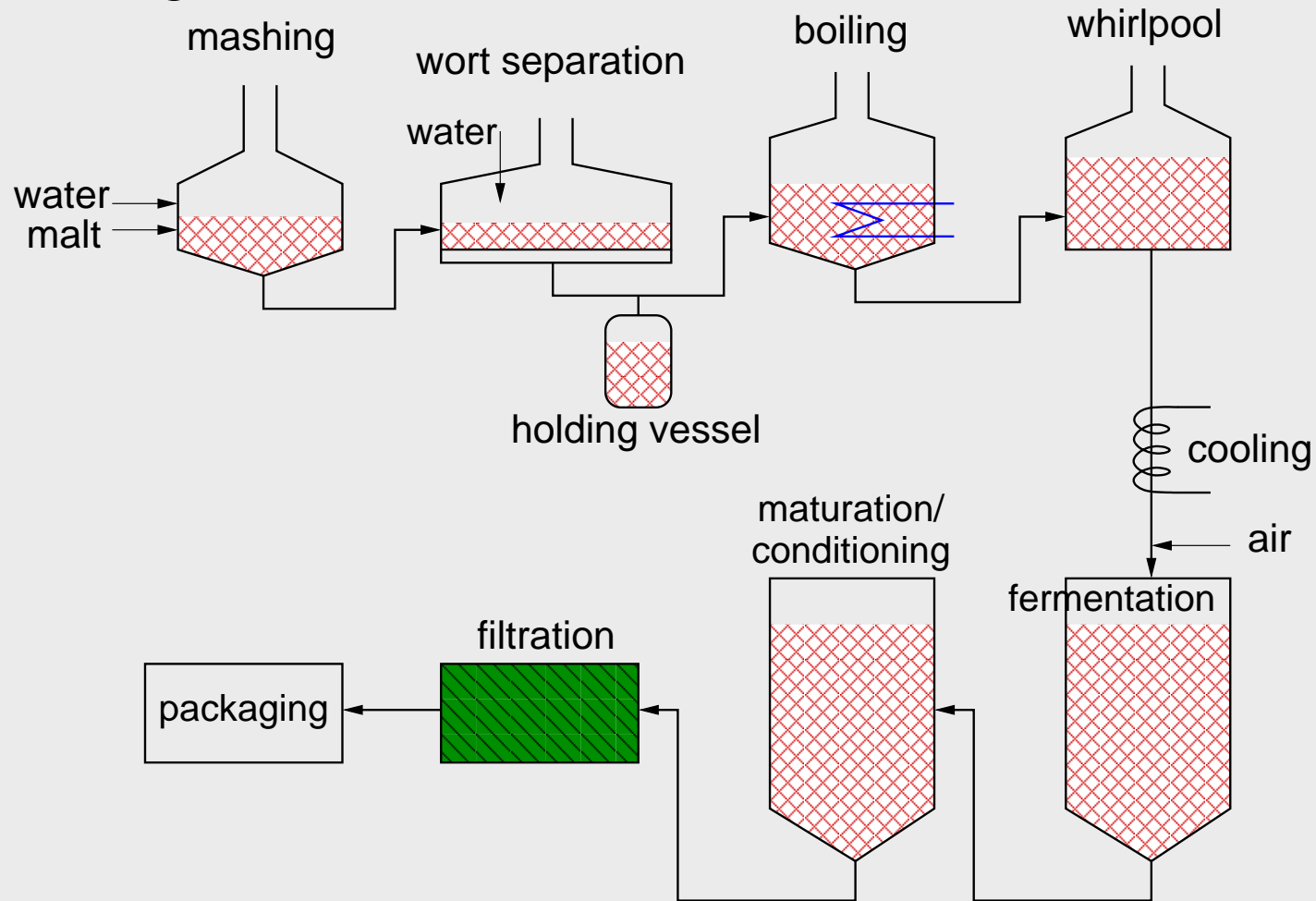
- Hierarchical control in process industry
- Telecommunication systems
- Manufacturing systems
- Airplane coordination control
- Beer brewing



Human intervention in smooth systems → hybrid

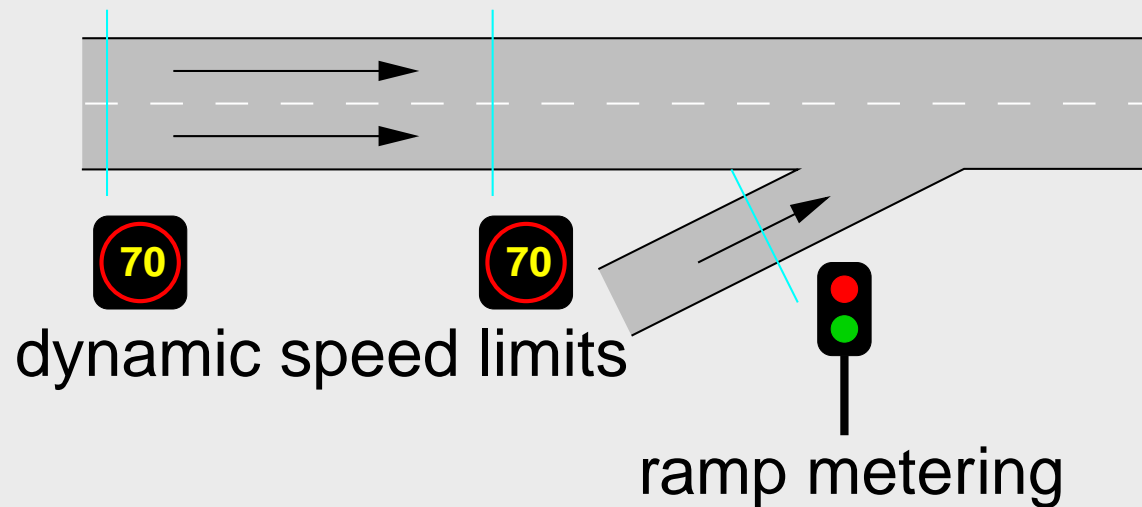
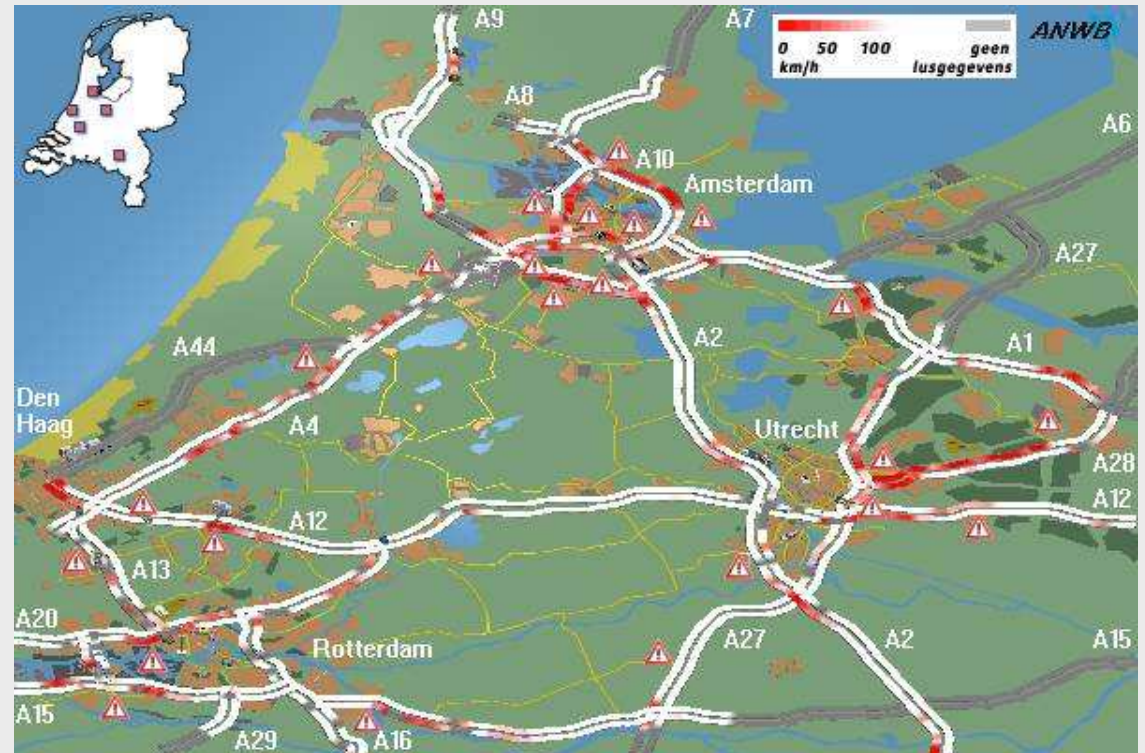
# Motivating examples

- Beer brewing



## Motivating examples

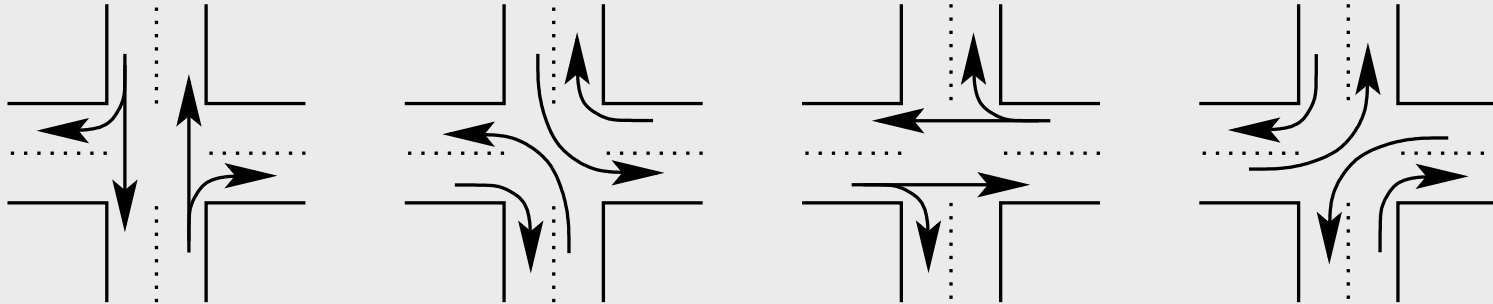
- Traffic control systems





## Motivating examples

- Intersection with traffic signals



4 modes, states: queue lengths

- Automatic platooning

merging & splitting



## Motivating examples

- Evolution of rigid bodies (contact/no contact)
- Electrical networks (switching, diodes)
- Fermentation process (lag, growth, stationary, inactivation)
- Saturation, hysteresis
- Actuator and sensor failures

Switching between dynamical regimes → hybrid



## Challenges

- Analysis and control
  - Nowadays:
    - often heuristic & ad-hoc
    - focus exclusively on either continuous or discrete dynamics→ structured approach necessary
  - Consider hybrid nature of systems
  - Combination of systems & control, computer science, mathematics, and simulation
- this course will give some handles to tackle these issues

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